

ADVANCES OF THE PROJECT OF CHRISTIAN SOLIDARITY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF RECONCILIATION AND NATIONAL UNITY

First Section: Restitution of Basic Rights

Private Secretariat for National Policies (SPPN)
Presidency of the Republic
Republic of Nicaragua

Managua, September 2020

I. RESTITUTION OF THE RIGHT TO UNIVERSAL AND FREE HEALTH CARE

First decree of President Daniel Ortega Saavedra, January 11, 2007

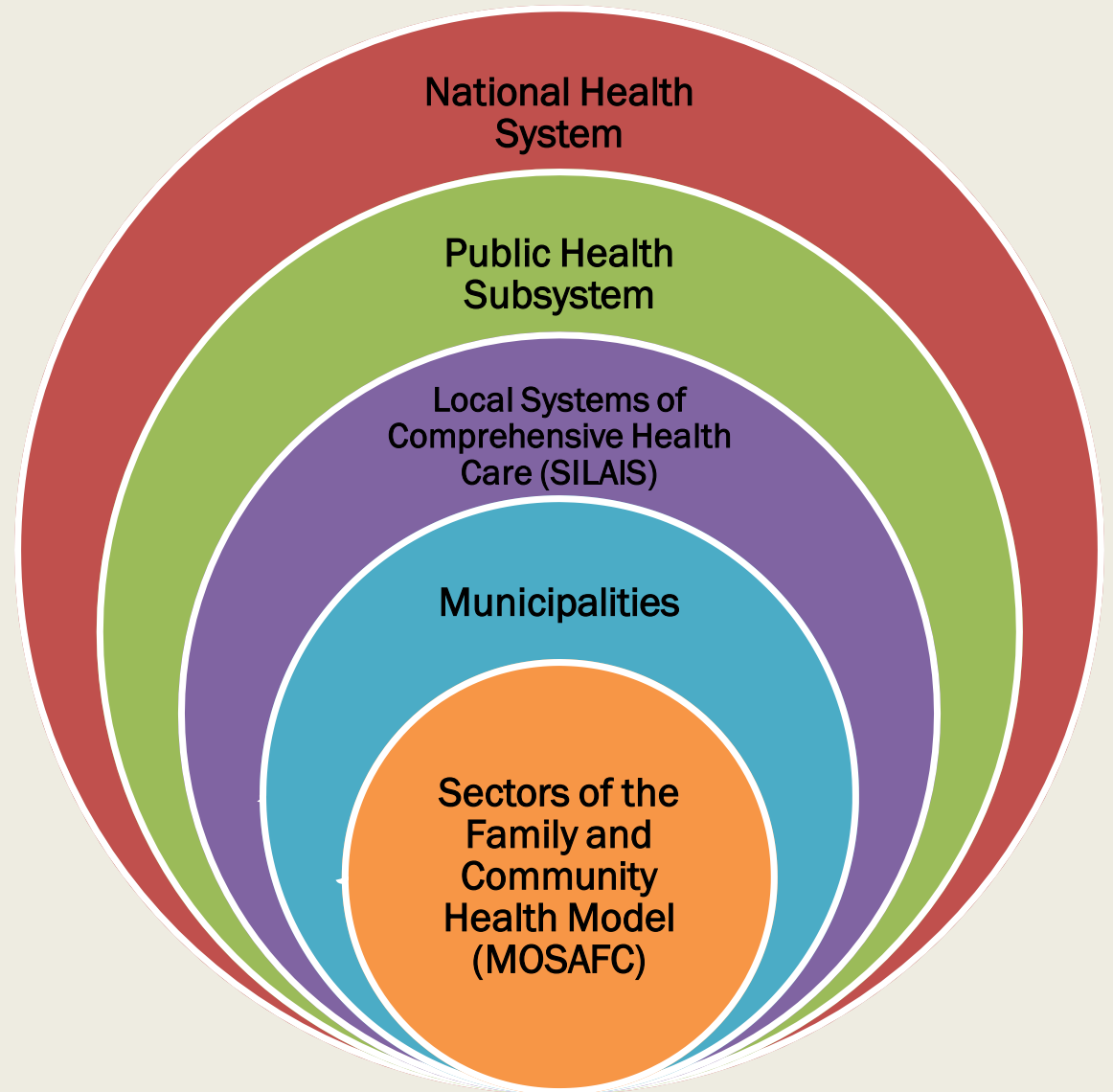
Restore the constitutional
right to free and universal
health care



The Family and Community Health Model

Nicaragua has:

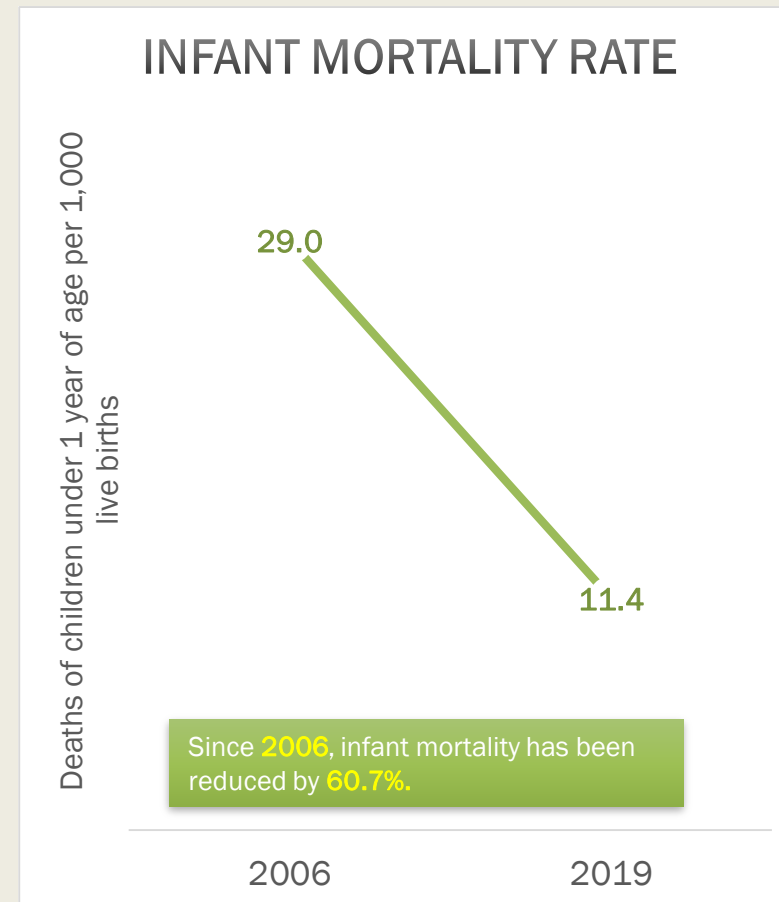
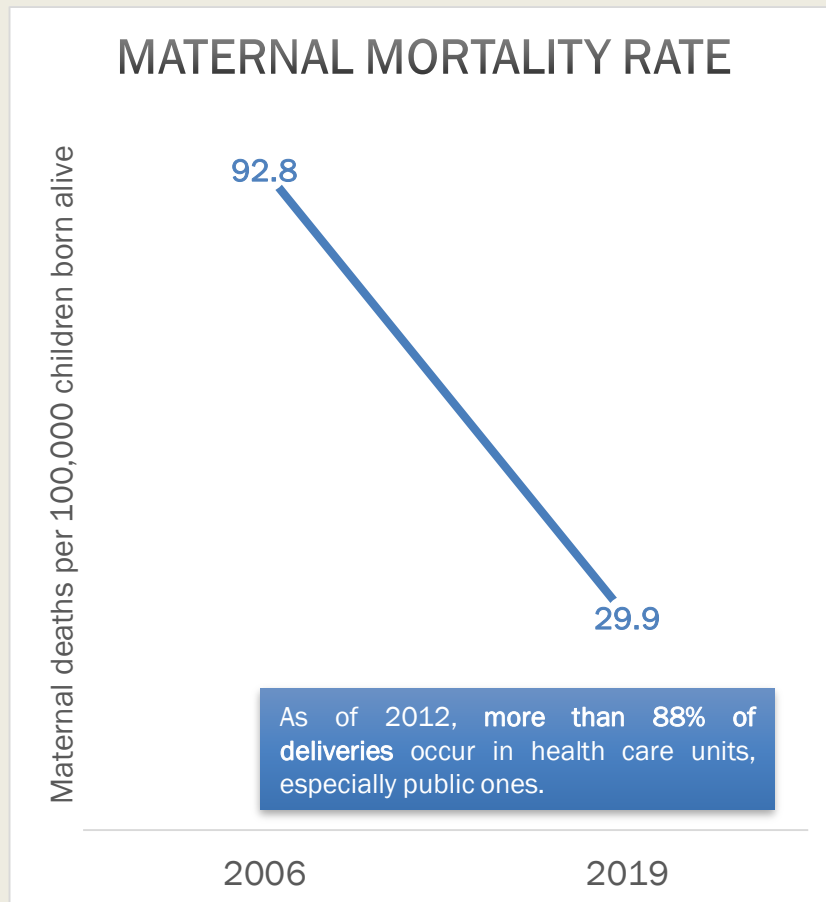
- 19 SILAIS
- 153 municipalities
- Each municipality is divided into sectors
- A sector is a territorial health care area where communities, neighborhoods or zones are grouped in between 600 to 1,000 families, equivalent to 3,000 to 5,000 inhabitants, depending on the rural or urban case.



This entire structure produces detailed information at the household level and thus the health situation is known by household, sector, municipality, department and at the national level.

Reduction of maternal and infant mortality

Maternal and infant mortality rates have decreased substantially since 2007



Maternal Homes

In 2006, there were 50 maternity homes in Nicaragua and 128 more have been built since, for a total of 178 maternity homes today.



In 2006, 9,205 pregnant women were housed in maternity homes and in 2019, 66,175 women were housed in these buildings during pregnancy.



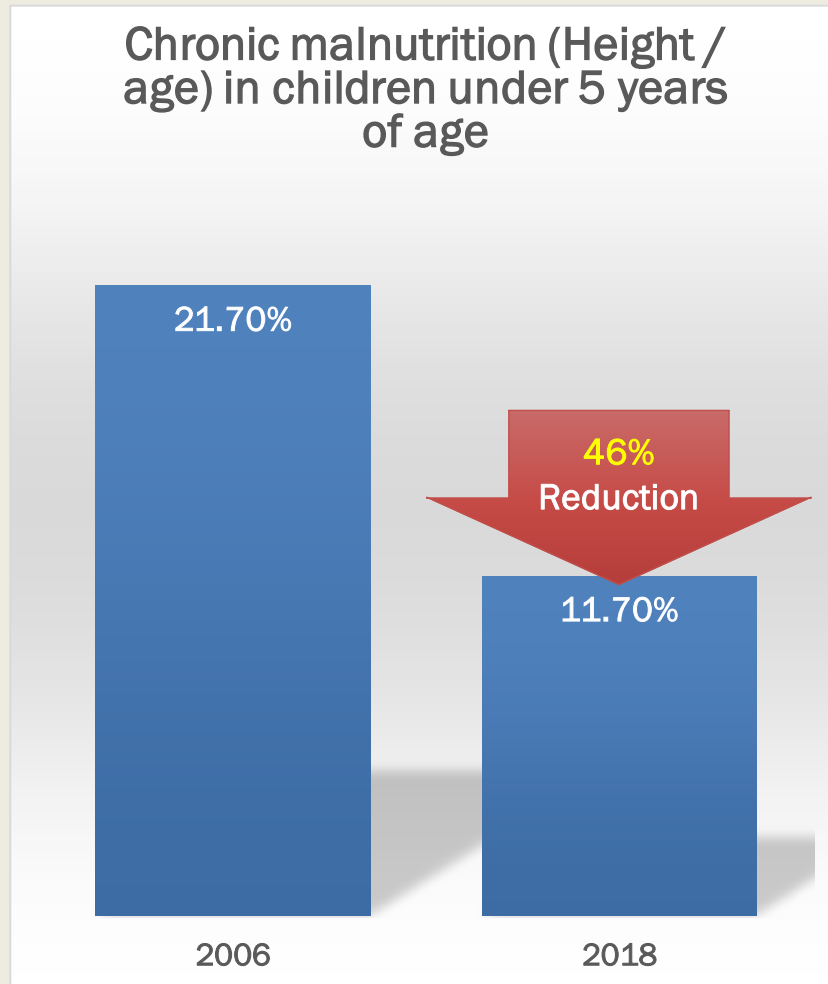
Childhood vaccination and deworming

Child vaccination days have been promoted, where 1 million 200 thousand children between 6 months and 8 years of age have received the corresponding dose of vitamin A.

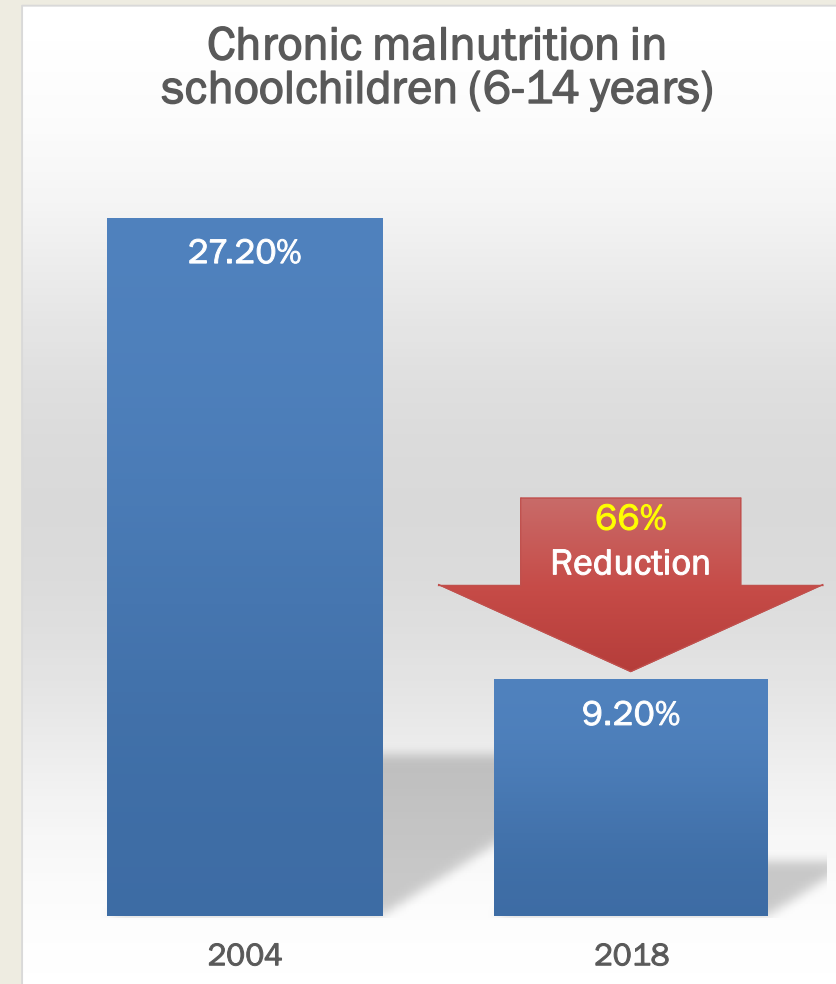
Likewise, 1 million 600 thousand children from 1 to 12 years of age received deworming to protect their health.



Reduction of child malnutrition



Source: ENDESA



Source: MINSA-MINED

Emblematic Health Care Programs

Love for the little ones



565,259 visits to the homes of families with children under 6 years of age.

All With A Voice



In 2019, 369,637 visits were made to the homes of persons with disabilities

Operation Miracle



In 2019, 13,747 cataract and pterygium surgeries were performed to regain sight

Public investment in the health sector

Increase in health personnel



- in 2006 there were **22,083** healthcare workers;
- in 2020 there are **36,649**, among doctors, nursing staff and technicians.

More and more modern infrastructure



- 143 healthcare centers,
- 1,333 medical positions,
- 178 maternity homes,
- 66 mobile clinics, which in 2019 carried out 1,959,506 visits

Molecular Biology Laboratory



- Capable of analyzing evidence for various diseases, including COVID-19.
- It is the second most advanced in the region.
- It is recognized by the WHO at level 3 of Biosafety.

Drug production plant



- With the capacity to produce 12 million influenza vaccines per year
- It is planned to produce the Cuban drug interferon alfa-2b successfully used to treat COVID-19 patients.

Investment in hospital infrastructure

Since 2007, 18 new hospitals have been built and 6 more are currently under construction



Ethel Kandler Hospital (Corn Island, RACCS)



Oscar Danilo Rosales School Hospital (León)
- In construction -



Nuevo Amanecer Regional Hospital (Bilwi, RACCN)
- In construction -

New Hospitals

The Sandinista Government has built 18 new hospitals and there are plans to build 15 more, 6 of them are already under construction.



18 new hospitals, all of them operating free of charge:

- 15 primary,
- 1 departmental and
- 2 nationals.

6 more are currently under construction

In addition, we have:

143 healthcare centers and 1,333 medical posts distributed throughout the country



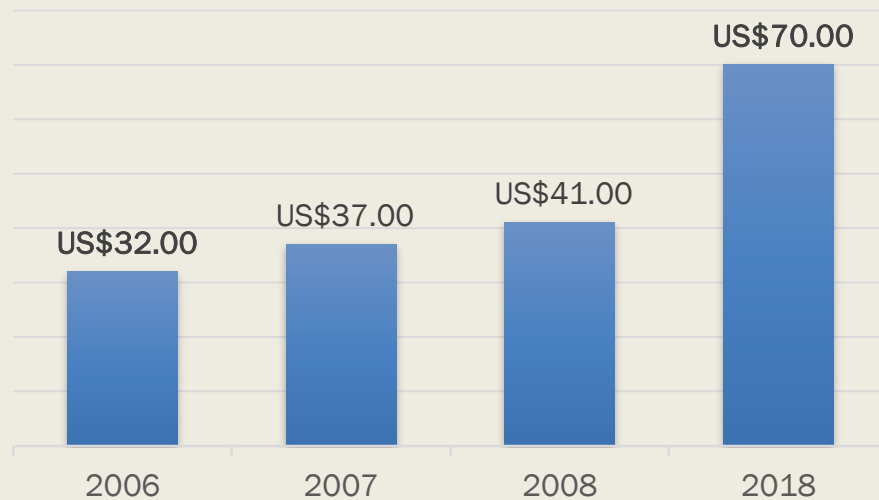
66 mobile clinics



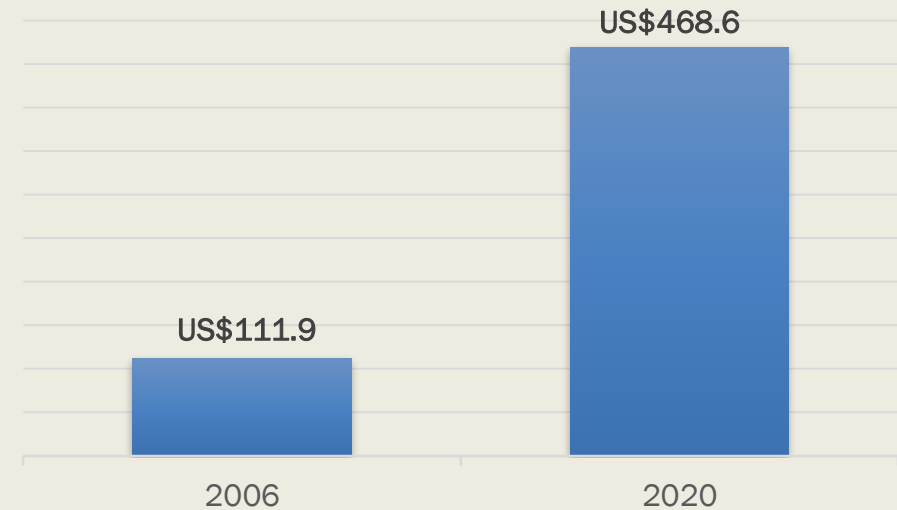
In 2019, mobile clinics carried out 1,959,506 community visits.

Budgetary Investment in Health

Investment per capita



Total Current Expense + Capital Expense (millions of US \$)



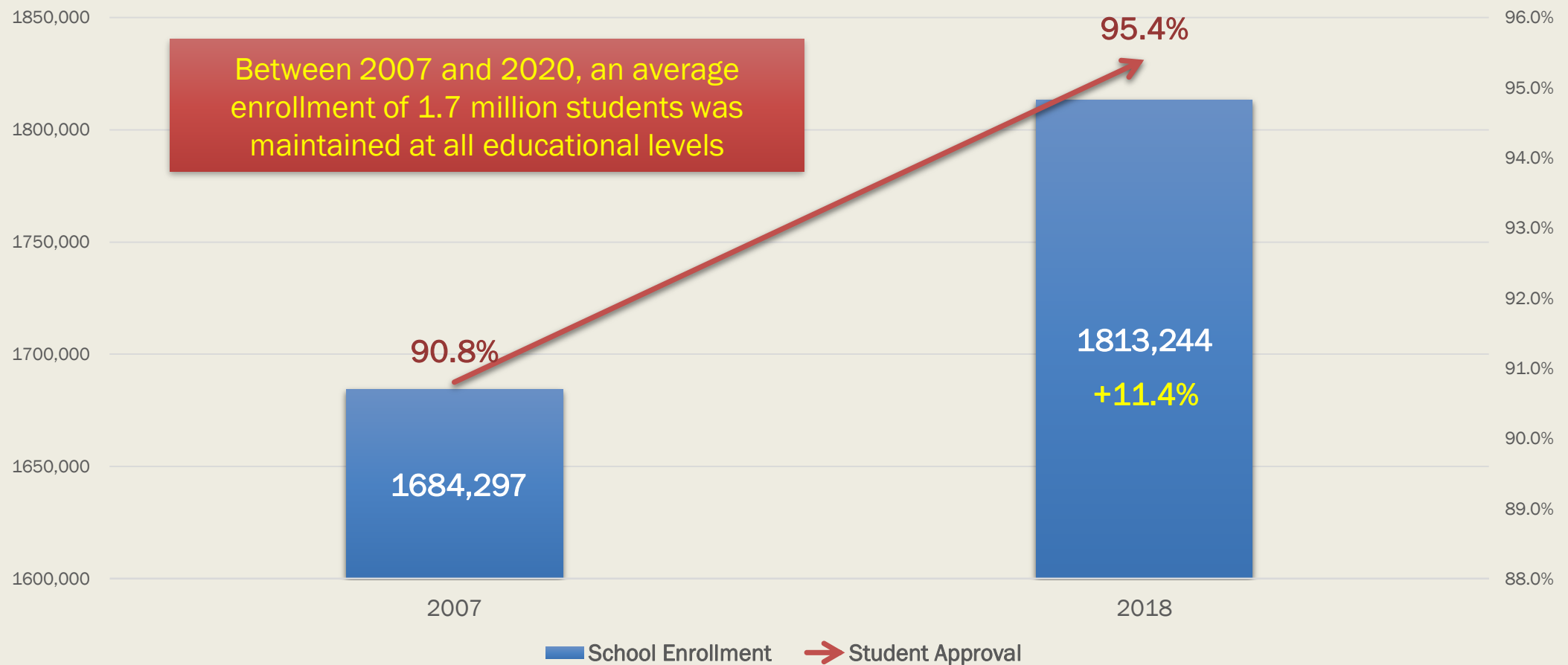
II. RESTITUTION OF THE RIGHT TO UNIVERSAL AND FREE EDUCATION

First decree of
President Daniel
Ortega Saavedra,
January 11, 2007

Declares "school autonomy"
without effect and restores
the constitutional right to
free and universal
education



Advances in the educational system by the Sandinista Government



Advances in the educational system by the Sandinista Government



School autonomy was eliminated and free education is now guaranteed throughout the country



More than 7,723 public school centers have been dignified



Distribution of school meals for more than 1 million 200 thousand students



"Distance Secondary School in the Countryside" with more than 500 rural study centers



Distribution of more than 1 million school supplies for students nationwide

Some advances in education in the times of GRUN



Primary in Rural Areas

- Created in 2016.
- As of 2020, enrollment has been reduced by 13.7%, indicating a decrease in the academic lag of students.



Secondary in the Rural Areas

- Created in 2014.
- By 2020, enrollment has increased by 270%.

Advances in the educational system by the Sandinista Government



Delivery of complementary voucher to fifth year high school graduates



The teaching of the English language is promoted from the first grade of primary school in all public schools in the country



More than 500 public schools with internet access



279 mobile classrooms that energize teaching across the country

Literacy and Adult Education

2007-2009

"National Literacy Campaign from Martí to Fidel"

228,421
literate youth
and adults

52.67% Women

81.1% in the
rural area



2010 – 2019

Campaign "For a Nicaragua Free of Illiteracy"

306,857
literate youth
and adults

57.99% Women

69.74% in the
rural area



Public Investment 2007-2020

- **31,196 Classrooms** and school environments (libraries, management offices, sports fields, sanitation services, etc.) have been improved in **5,316 Educational Centers**, serving **917,805 Protagonists**.
 - *The amount of the accumulated total Investment is **C\$ 7,342.9 million**.*
- Educational Centers have been equipped with **814,803 desks** (new and repaired),
 - *with a total investment amount of **C\$ 341.6 million**.*



III. STRATEGIES FOR THE REDUCTION OF POVERTY AND INEQUALITY

Subsidy for Electricity



Consumption subsidy:

- *Establishment of consumption bands with differentiated subsidies: 0-50 kWh, 51-100 kWh, 101-125 kWh, 126-150 kWh*



Law 720 and Law 160:

- *Establishment of special subsidies for the elderly and retired*



Subsidy to families residing in "settlements"



Special measures in the framework of the COVID-19 pandemic

These subsidies represent an average of 45% of the price of energy and are received by more than 870 thousand families, which represent 70-80% of the home customers of the electricity service.

Drinking Water Subsidy



Subsidy for consumption bands and residence areas



Subsidy for families living in "settlements"



Subsidy for the elderly and retired

Subsidy for Transportation

Subsidy for Collective Urban Transportation



- Municipalities of Managua and Ciudad Sandino
- Maintains the price at C\$ 2.50
- Benefits more than 700 thousand users in the capital

Subsidy for Intramunicipal Transportation



At the national level

Subsidy for Maritime Transportation



Of special importance for those municipalities that maintain aquatic transportation services

Benefitting more than 1 million users across the country

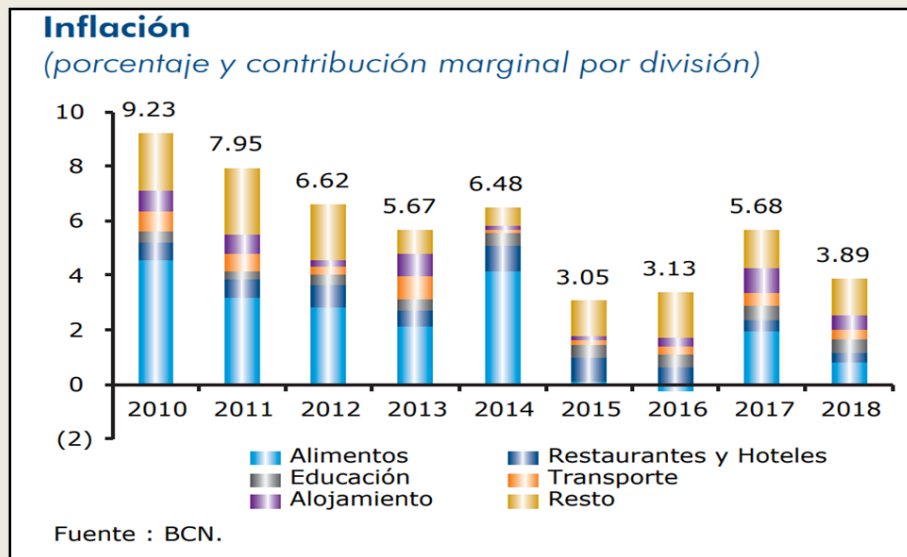
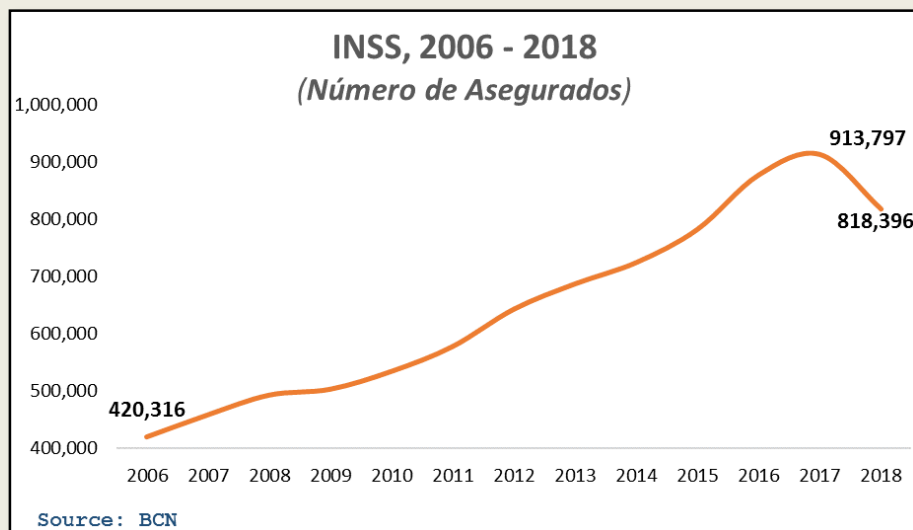
They allow us to maintain the stability in the rates

Food Safety

Various mechanisms created by the GRUN to guarantee food security for the poorest families



Decent employment and social security



Food Productive Bonus (BPA)



- 213 thousand 796 bonuses delivered
- It has generated a revolving fund of almost C\$ 100 million córdobas.



Special Christian, Socialist and Solidarity Basic Grains Program (CRISSOL)



144,237 protagonists

- 100,628 men and 43,609 women

Aproximately 152,563
hectares cultivated

- Rice, beans, corn, sorghum
and black beans



Organized in 578
groups and 15
cooperatives

Fair Microcredit Loans - Usury Zero



Restitution of the right to decent housing



Restitution of the Right to Property and Legal Security of Property

1. Articulation of actions between State Institutions



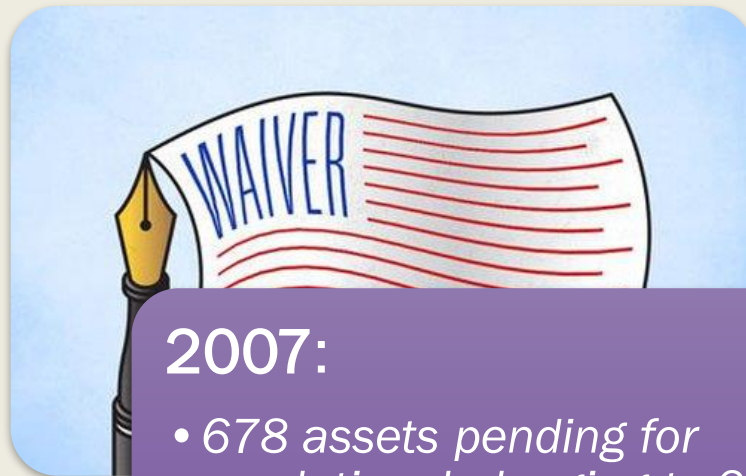
2. Property Sanitation



434,653 Property Title emitted

1.8 million families with their right to property restituted

Definitive resolution to claims made by US citizens (Property waiver)



2007:

- 678 assets pending for resolution, belonging to 325 citizens (only 17 truly American)



2014:

- Nicaragua resolves the last 91 cases and the United States lifts restrictions
- GRUN paid US\$37 million in compensation over 8 years